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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,394	02/27/2004	Tomohiko Matsushita	15115.108001 4933	
75	590 06/14/2005		EXAMINER	
Jonathan P. Osha			VU, PHU	
Rosenthal & Osha L.L.P.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Suite 2800 1221 McKinney St.			2871	TALER NOMBER
Houston, TX			DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/789,394	MATSUSHITA, TOMOHIKO	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	$\overline{}$
	Phu Vu	2871	w
The MAILING DATE of this communication apperiod for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address -	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 136(a). In no event, however, may a report. In the statutory minimum of thirty of the desired that the statutory minimum of thirty of the desired that the statutory minimum of the desired that the statutory minimum of the statutory with the statutory of the	ly be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. IS from the mailing date of this communication. NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	· ·		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	ance except for formal matte	s, prosecution as to the merits is	
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application	l.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr			
5)☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami	ner.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ ad	ccepted or b) objected to b	y the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyanc	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	Examiner. Note the attached	Office Action or form PTO-152.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:		,,,,,	
1. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority docume	nts have been received in Ap	plication No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the pr	iority documents have been r	eceived in this National Stage	
application from the International Bure	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies not re	eceived.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0		Mail Date prmal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Office	Action Summary	Part of Paper No./Mail Date 20050512	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamazaki 6568819.

Regarding claim 1, Yamazaki teaches a reflector used for a liquid crystal display device, the reflector comprising:

a plurality of unit reflecting portions (fig. 12 element 84), the unit reflecting portions being arranged by repeating an arrangement pattern of a unit region, wherein a repetition pitch (element P) of the unit region is integral times the pitch of the pixels of the liquid crystal display device and more than 5000 micrometers. The MPEP states:

"[A] prior art reference that discloses a range encompassing a somewhat narrower claimed range is sufficient to establish a prima facie case of obviousness." In re Peterson, 315 F.3d 1325, 1330, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382-83 (Fed. Cir. 2003)." See MPEP section 2144.05

Yamazaki discloses a repetition pitch being a ratio of 5000:1 to 1:1 of the height, which, is 1 to 100 micrometers (see abstract), results in ranges over 5000 micrometers. For example a repetition pitch of 500 and height of 20 would result in a repetition pitch of 10,000. Thus a prior art reference that discloses a range encompassing a somewhat narrower claimed range is sufficient to establish a prima facie case of obviousness.

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Regarding claim 2, Yamazaki teaches a reflector used for a liquid crystal display device, the reflector comprising:

a plurality of unit reflecting portions (fig. 12 element 84), the unit reflecting portions being arranged by repeating an arrangement pattern of a unit region, wherein a repetition pitch (element P) of the unit region is integral times the pitch of the pixels of the liquid crystal display device and more than 10000 micrometers. The MPEP states:

"[A] prior art reference that discloses a range encompassing a somewhat narrower claimed range is sufficient to establish a prima facie case of obviousness." In re Peterson, 315 F.3d 1325, 1330, 65 USPQ2d 1379, 1382-83 (Fed. Cir. 2003)." See MPEP section 2144.05

Yamazaki discloses a repetition pitch being a ratio of 5000:1 to 1:1 of the height which, is 1 to 100 micrometers (see abstract), results in ranges over 10000 micrometers. For example a repetition pitch of 500 and height of 20 would result in a repetition pitch of 10,000. Thus a prior art reference that discloses a range encompassing a somewhat narrower claimed range is sufficient to establish a prima facie case of obviousness.

Regarding claim 3, the reference teaches a diameter of 50 micrometers to 200 micrometers (see abstract) while the claim calls for a diameter of less than 80 mm. The MPEP states:

In the case where the claimed ranges "overlap or lie inside ranges disclosed by the prior art" a prima facie case of obviousness exists. In re Wertheim, 541 F.2d 257, 191 USPQ 90 (CCPA 1976); In re Woodruff, 919 F.2d 1575, 16 USPQ2d 1934 (Fed. Cir. 1990) See MPEP section 2144.05

Since overlap exists between the disclosed prior art a prima facie case of obviousness exists.

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Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yamazaki in view of Patel.

Yamazaki teaches all the limitations of claim 4, except the value of the standard of deviation of the reflecting portion diameters divided by the mean value of the reflecting portion diameters is not more than .3. However, a low standard deviation is almost always desired in production because this leads to increased uniformity and predictability. Patel shows this principle in polymer composition (see column 9 lines 29-43). Therefore, at the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to improve lower the standard deviation/ mean value to improve uniformity and predictability.

Claims 5 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ikeda et al. US Publication No. 2003/0016323 in view of Yamazaki et al. US Patent No. 6568819.

Regarding claim 5, Ikeda a reflecting display device comprising a reflector. Ikeda fails to teach, the reflector comprising:

a plurality of unit reflecting portions (fig. 12 element 84), the unit reflecting portions being arranged by repeating an arrangement pattern of a unit region, wherein a repetition pitch (element P) of the unit region is integral times the pitch of the pixels of the liquid crystal display device and more than 10000 micrometers.

Yamazaki teaches a guide plate (reflector) (see claim 1 rejection) that can be applied to various display applications and functionally with a plurality of light sources (see column 12 lines 23-32), which leads to increased flexibility. Therefore, at the time

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of the invention it would have been obvious to use Yamazaki's reflector to gain increased design flexibility.

Regarding claim 6, Ikeda teaches a reflective liquid crystal display comprising which is considered an electronic apparatus.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Phu Vu whose telephone number is (571)-272-1562. The examiner can normally be reached on 8AM-5PM M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Kim can be reached on (571)-272-2293. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Phu Vu Examiner AU 2871

DUNGT.NGUYEN
PRIMARY EXAMINER